Applicant:	
Project Name:	
Total Points Awarded:	

Please provide all the information requested for each item. Before beginning, please refer to the Definitions Section. A team of LWCF staff will evaluate each application based on the scoring system and make the final decision about the applicant's score.

Open Project Selection Process (OPSP) Overview The North Carolina Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP) Points Awarded by Type of Project			
			Category
Planning	10	20	20
Public Involvement	15	15	15
Recreation Facilities	0	30	30
Land Acquisition	30	0	30
Operation and Maintenance	15	15	15
Clientele Served	0	5	5
Past LWCF per Capita Funding	10	10	10
Consistency with the	20	20	20
NC Outdoor Recreation Plan		20	
Total Possible Points 100 115 145			

1.

Master Plan for the park and/or greenway system (10 proposing land acquisition only)	points) (Not applicable for projects
The applicant has a master plan created or revised within the project conforms to the plan.	e past five years for the project site and the
Date the plan was produced:	(9 points)
The applicant has a master plan created or revised within the and the project conforms to the plan.	e past six years to ten years for the project site
Date the plan was produced:	(4 points)
☐ The local governing board has adopted the master plan.	
Date the plan was adopted:	_ (1 point)

Documentation Required for Master Plan:

- One copy of the park master plan or greenway system plan.
- One copy of the local governing board's meeting minutes or resolution as documentation of the adoption or acceptance.
- List the page number(s) and tab or highlight where the project is referenced in the plan.

2.	Comprehensive systemwide properties (7 points)	oarks and recreation	plan for the local government's	
	The applicant has a Comprehensive years and the project conforms t		Recreation Plan produced or revised in the past 10)
	Date the plan was produce	d:	(6 points)	
	The local governing board has adop	ted the systemwide plan	1.	
	Date the plan was adopted	:	(1 point)	
	adoption or acceptance.	e systemwide parks and r board's meeting minute	recreation plan. es or resolution as documentation of the official project is referenced in the plan.	
3.	Three-to-five-year capital imp	provement plan for p	parks and recreation (3 points)	
	The applicant has a three-to-five-identified in the plan.	year capital improveme	nts plan for parks and recreation and the project	is
	Date the plan was adopted:		(3 points)	

- One copy of the capital improvement plan.
- One copy of the local governing board's meeting minutes or resolution documenting adoption of the plan as a part of the local government's budget process.
- List the page number(s) and tab or highlight where the project is referenced in the plan.

1. P	ublic meetings (5 points):
	The applicant conducted a public meeting(s) exclusively for discussing the project and obtaining comments. The public supported the project. Evidence of support must be provided.
	Date of the meeting(s):
•	ocumentation Required for Public Meetings: Provide a title page that gives the name of applicant, the name of the project and identifies the document "Public Meetings." One copy of the newspaper advertisement or a document describing the other means used to widely advertise the meeting.
•	One copy of the minutes including the discussion of the project, who was present, and public comments.
2. R	The results of a survey to determine the recreational needs in the applicant's jurisdiction show that the citizens support the project. The survey must have been conducted during the past ten years Please refer to page 41 for the required components of the survey
Docun	 Copy of the questionnaire Results of the survey Describe how the survey was distributed. Give the date(s) of distribution and the number of surveys distributed. Provide the number of respondents and demographic information that they are representative of the local government's jurisdiction. Describe how the results of the survey show that the citizens support the project. Include a title page that gives the name of applicant, the name of the project and identifies the document as "Survey of Recreational Needs."

The applicant presented the project to two or more local groups. Examples: civic groups, neighborhood associations, youth organizations, and advisory boards.

Documentation Required for Civic Groups:

- Include a title page that gives the applicant's name, the project name and identifies the document as "Presentations to Local Groups."
- One copy of the agenda, minutes or thank you letter from the groups that confirm the dates of the meetings and the presentations given by the applicant.
- Note: support letters from a group do not count as presentations.

Name of the Organization	Date of the Presentation	Meeting agenda or letter from the organization included in the application?	
4. Support from parks and recreation board (2 points):			

4.	Support from parks and recreation	on board (2 points	s):
	The applicant presented the project to the parks and recreation advisory board or a similarly appointed group and received a motion of support for the project.		
	Date of the meeting(s):		
	 Documentation Required for Advisory Beautiful and Include a title page that gives the nature of the Presentation to Advisory Board." One copy of the minutes from the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the nature of the Include a title page that gives the Include a title page that gives	ame of the applicant, t	the project and identifies the document as evidence of support for the project.
C.	Public recreational facilities provide	ed by the project: (3	30 possible points)
1.	Outdoor recreational facilities to	be renovated/rep	placed: (30 possible points)
Т	he project will provide major renovation	of (check one):	
	three or more types of recreational facilities (20) one type of recreational facility (10 p	O points)	

List the recreational facilities to be renovated/replaced:

D.	Number of acres acquired (15 possible points)	
1.	Small acquisition, 5 acres or less (1 point per acre)	
	Number of acres:	
2.	Medium acquisition, more than 5 less than 25 acres. (10 points)	
	Number of acres:	
3.	Large acquisition, 25 or more acres (15 points)	
	Number of acres:	
E.	Land acquisition (15 possible points)	
1.	Describe the site's resources in detail to receive 10 or 15 points. If no explanation is provided, the application will receive 5 points.	
	The site is a significant natural, cultural, recreational, or scenic resource. Is the resource highly threater be used for other purposes if not purchased at this time? (15 points) plain why the resource is significant and/or threatened:	ned? Will
Exp	The site is an excellent natural and/or recreational resource. (10 points) plain why the resource is an excellent natural or recreational resource:	
	The site is an average natural and/or recreational resource. (5 points)	

F. The applicant's commitment to operating and maintaining the project. (15 possible points)
☐ The applicant has a full-time parks and recreation department that will manage the project site to provide programming and to ensure adequate operation and maintenance. (15 points)
The applicant has a full-time staff, such as a public works, who will manage the project site to ensure adequate operation and maintenance. (8 points)
The applicant will manage the project site with part-time staff or by contractual agreement to ensure adequate operation and maintenance. (4 points)
An organized volunteer group, such as a civic group or youth sports association will operate and maintain the site. (2 points)
Provide the name of the organization that will operate and maintain the site:
If the applicant is not going to operate the site with full-time staff, describe how and when the site will be open to the public.
G. Clientele served and accessibility (5 possible points) Not applicable for projects proposing land acquisition only
The proposed project is designed in conformance with the appropriate current standards for the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended and the American with Disabilities Act. (3 points)
☐ The proposed project will incorporate universal design principles and exceed ADA/ABA requirements. (2 points)

H. Previous LWCF funding (10 possible points)

1. Level of local LWCF funding per capita by county in Appendix II. (10 possible points)

County rank (from high to low) per capita LWCF funding	Points Awarded
1 - 10	1
11 - 20	2
21-30	3
31-40	4
41-50	5
51-60	6
61-70	7
71-80	8
81-90	9
91 – 100	10

ı	Points	Awarded:	
ı	UIIILS	Awarucu.	

I.	Consistency with SCORP priorities – Geographic distribution and contribution to SCORP goals
	and objectives (20 possible points)

1.	Geographic distribution – Refer to the list of counties ranked by current supply of outdoor recreation
	resources in Appendix III.

County rank (from high to low) based on residents per facility or local park acres	Points Awarded
1 – 10	1.5
11 – 20	3
21-30	4.5
31-40	6
41-50 (or facility not listed)	7.5
51-60	9
61-70	10.5
71-80	12
81-90	13.5
91 – 100	15

Facility groups:

Athletic fields include baseball, softball, football, soccer, and multi-purpose fields.

Athletic courts include basketball courts, tennis courts, and volleyball courts.

Trail miles include all types of trails.

For acquisition projects, refer to the local park acreage listing.

Applications proposing several types of facilities with different points awarded will be averaged.

Points Awarded:	
Politis Awarded.	

2. Contribution to SCORP goals, objectives, and initiatives (5 points)

Number of Objectives Addressed	Points Awarded
Five or more	5
Four	4
Three	3
Two	2
One	1

Points Award	ed:				

The North Carolina Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan

Renovation: The extensive reconstruction of a facility to restore or improve its usefulness to its original purpose within an LWCF-assisted park. A renovation project will not be awarded points under the scoring system if the facility's deterioration is due to inadequate maintenance during its reasonable lifetime.

Obsolete facilities: Project sponsors are not required to continue the operation of a particular recreation area or facility beyond its useful life. However, Section 6(f)(3) of the LWCF Act requires project sponsors to maintain the entire area within the Section LWCF boundary in some form of public outdoor recreation use. Notwithstanding neglect or inadequate maintenance on the part of the project sponsor, a recreation area or facility may be determined to be obsolete if:

- reasonable repairs are not sufficient to keep the recreation area or facility operating;
- changing recreation needs dictate a change in the type of facilities provided;
- park operating practices dictate a change in the type of facilities required; or,
- the recreation area or facility is destroyed by fire, natural disaster, or vandalism.

Replacement: The replacement of an existing recreation facility that has been deemed obsolete with an outdoor recreation area or facility. This can be replacement of the same type or different type of facility if public demand has changed. Discuss "Significant Change of Use" vs. "Obsolescence" at existing LWCF sites with your RRS Consultant.

Outdoor Recreational Facility: The following list provides examples outdoor recreational facilities or areas. Indoor recreational facilities are not eligible.

Examples of Recreational Facilities and Areas:

- Sports facilities including tennis courts, soccer fields, ballfields, running tracks, volleyball courts and basketball courts.
- Swimming facilities including swimming pools, splashpads, wave-making pools, wading pools, and swim beaches.
- Trails within a park with a minimum continuous length of 1/4 mile including nature trails, hiking trails, bicycling trails, and equestrian trails.
- Greenways linear open spaces connecting parks or other public areas that are 1/4 mile or longer and usually contain a multi-purpose trail.
- Camping facilities including cabins, group camps, and tent and trailer campgrounds.
- Picnic facilities including picnic shelters with tables and grills, or picnic areas with groups of tables, grills, and trash receptacles.
- Interpretive facilities for nature study, viewing scenery and photography including observation decks, viewing platforms, boardwalks.
- Playgrounds and tot lots.

- Amphitheaters.
- Fishing and boating facilities including man-made lakes or ponds, docks, launching ramps, piers, and marinas.

Support facilities are not recreational facilities: Support facilities include parking lots, roads, lighting, bleachers, restrooms, concession buildings, site preparation, bridges, utilities, and sidewalks.

Master Plan for the Park: A long-range plan for one park that contains a site analysis; a description of the community's recreational needs; property acquisition boundaries; and the proposed location of all capital improvements. A master plan document must adequately address all the following items to receive points:

- Site analysis Describe and evaluate the site's natural, historic, and man-made features. These include items such as topography, soils, vegetation, hydrology, significant natural communities, wetlands, existing structures, and public access.
- Recreational needs Identify the recreational opportunities that the public prefers using meetings or a survey. Describe how the recreational opportunities being proposed by the master plan relate to existing recreational facilities and services in the jurisdiction (this may be a part of the system-wide comprehensive plan).
- Program description Identify the main purposes of the park including a description of the how the local government will design the park to be used by the public.
- Physical needs Identify the physical needs of the park's site. Include any land the local government will acquire and any capital improvements (buildings, recreation facilities, roads, utilities). All land and capital improvements proposed in the LWCF application must be included in the master plan.
- Project costs for property acquisition and capital improvements, divided into phases if necessary. The cost information can be provided in a separate document that is submitted with the master plan.
- Site plans and illustrations depicting the boundaries of land to be acquired and the location of facilities.
- Public Involvement Describe how the local government involved a broad range of the citizens in its
 jurisdiction as the master plan was being developed. Examples include public meetings or advisory
 committee meetings. This description can also be provided in a separate document that is submitted
 with the master plan.

Greenway System Plan - A long-range plan to develop a framework for building an integrated system of trails that will link citizens to the outdoors. A greenway system plan must adequately address all the following <u>items</u>:

- Vision, Goals and Objectives The goals and objectives the local government would like the plan to accomplish related to the different uses/benefits of the greenway, especially in reference to recreation/fitness/health.
- Inventory Existing Data and Related Plans the identification and mapping of existing natural resources, man-made features and linear greenway corridors within the local jurisdiction that might influence the development of the greenway system.
- Analyze Data and Develop/Map Proposed Greenway review and analysis of all data collected to allow the local government to:

- Identify potential greenway corridors,
- Identify hubs/destinations that are either natural resource based or man-made (or a combination of the two) which should be part of the greenway system,
- o Identify important and threatened open space that should be part of the greenway system including ecologically or biologically significant areas or hubs,
- Identify and discuss greenway development challenges such as floodways, active railroad tracks/crossings, major roadway crossings, etc.
- Mapping the result of the above analysis is a map(s) and text to describe the proposed system. The map(s) should illustrate not only existing greenway system elements, but also the proposed greenway network envisioned by the local government.
- Action Plan develop a specific action plan that will position the local government to move forward in realizing the proposed greenway system. The action plan should include:
- A listing of action steps that set priorities,
- Roles and responsibilities in implementing the plan,
- Cost estimates, resources and potential funding options needed to address action steps, and
- Greenway corridor segments identified as potential pilot projects.
- Public Involvement A description of how the local government involved a broad range and
 representative number of its citizens as the greenway plan was prepared. Examples include a random
 survey of the citizens; a series of public meetings that would give most citizens an opportunity to
 participate; a series of focus group meetings that involve the representatives of the jurisdiction's
 population; or a combination of these efforts. Please address the number of people who participated
 and who they represented for each level of public involvement used.
- Maintenance, Management and Operational Policies address policies that will provide the basis for making decisions related to trail maintenance, management, and security.
- The cost information and description of public involvement can be provided in a separate document that is submitted with the greenway plan.

Comprehensive Systemwide Plan for Parks and Recreation: A long-term plan that describes how a local government will address the recreational needs of the citizens in its jurisdiction. <u>A systemwide plan document must adequately address all the following items:</u>

- Produced or revised within the past ten years.
- A description of the jurisdiction's residents and their preferences for recreational activities and facilities.
- An evaluation of existing recreational facilities and park land such as local and state parks, school facilities, the YMCA or YWCA, churches, private sector, etc. to determine if the community's current and future recreational needs are being met.
- An estimate of the park land to be acquired and the recreational facilities to be developed to address shortfalls in current services.
- A detailed description of how the local government involved a broad range and representative number of its citizens as the plan was prepared.

• Examples include a random survey of the citizens; a series of public meetings that would give most citizens an opportunity to participate; a series of focus group meetings that involve the representatives of the jurisdiction's population; or a combination of these efforts.

Capital Improvement Plan / Three-to-Five-Year Park and Recreation Plan: A plan that lists all capital expenditures and/or specifically all park and recreation projects that a local government has approved for funding and scheduled for the near future. The plan is a component of the local government's regular budget cycle.

Survey of Recreational Needs: A survey of the citizens in the local government's jurisdiction to identify their needs and preferences for recreational opportunities. The local government can use the survey as one of the first steps in developing a master plan for a specific park or a system-wide comprehensive park and recreation plan for the entire jurisdiction. Through the survey, citizens can give their preferences for different types of recreation and facilities. The local government uses the survey results to establish recreational priorities for the jurisdiction. The local government must distribute the questionnaire to a broad and representative sample of its citizens. The questionnaire can be distributed through the mail, door-to-door, by telephone, in focus groups and in public meetings. The following key elements of the survey must be documented:

- The survey should be distributed to a sample of citizens that is sufficiently large and varied enough to be representative of the population in the jurisdiction. A random sample of the population is preferred.
- The number of respondents should be sufficiently large enough to adequately represent the population of the jurisdiction, at a minimum, ten percent of the distributed surveys.
- The questions must be clear and unbiased.
- The questions should not limit the citizens to choosing from a narrow list of recreational opportunities.
- Copies of the same questionnaire must be distributed to everyone in the sample.
- The survey should include at least three of the following demographics to ensure a representative population of the jurisdiction: age, gender, education level, race, ethnicity, household income or household size.
- The survey must have been conducted within the past ten years.
- The survey must have been conducted, and results received, before the local government begins planning the LWCF project.

Applicant's Self Scoring Review: LWCF for Local Grants Level of Local LWCF Spending Per Capita by County

Table for Item H - Level of Local LWCF Spending Per Capita by County

26 A 7 A 32 A 24 A 12 A 85 B 89 B 38 B	County Alamance Alexander Alleghany Anson	LWCF Assistance 1,103,154 313,223 176,398	2015 Population 154,511 37,268	\$	WCF per Capita	Rank	County	LWCF Assistance	2015 Population	WCF per	
33 A 26 A 7 A 32 A 24 A 12 A 85 B 89 B 38 B	Alamance Alexander Alleghany Anson Ashe	1,103,154 313,223	154,511	ς			Country			Capita	
26 A 7 A 32 A 24 A 12 A 85 B 89 B 38 B	Alexander Alleghany Anson Ashe	313,223			7.14	71	Johnston	613,254	182,547	\$ 3.36	
7 A 32 A 24 A 12 A 85 B 89 B 38 B	Alleghany Anson Ashe	,	37.768	\$	8.40	93	Jones	13,508	10,439	\$ 1.29	
32 A 24 A 12 A 85 B 89 B 38 B	Anson Ashe	-,	11,114	\$	15.87	23	Lee	527,442	61,618	\$ 8.56	
24 A 12 A 85 B 89 B 38 B	Ashe	191,455	26,688	\$	7.17	51	Lenoir	299,186	59,110	\$ 5.06	
12 A 85 B 89 B 38 B		234,103	27,399	\$	8.54	76	Lincoln	240,022	80,980	\$ 2.96	
85 B 89 B 38 B	Avery	220,207	17,833	\$	12.35	11	Macon	445,588	34,095	\$ 13.07	
89 B 38 B	Beaufort	108,482	47,780	\$	2.27	22	Madison	182,752	21,320	\$ 8.57	
38 B	Bertie	44,332	20,734	\$	2.14	5	Martin	403,585	23,607	\$ 17.10	
	Bladen	230,939	35,317	\$	6.54	21	McDowell	402,585	45,258	\$ 8.90	
	Brunswick	313,645	122,340	\$	2.56	70	Mecklenburg	3,469,612	1,030,572	\$ 3.37	
	Buncombe	988,663	254,358	\$	3.89	2	Mitchell	365,354	15,408	\$ 23.71	
	Burke	724,926	89,300	\$	8.12	6	Montgomery	453,361	27,742	\$ 16.34	
	Cabarrus	787,009	192,847	\$	4.08	46	Moore	554,646	93,963	\$ 5.90	
	Caldwell	934,429	82,502	\$	11.33	43	Nash	569,395	94,197	\$ 6.04	
	Camden	95,633	10,166	\$	9.41	87	New Hanover	492,379	222,168	\$ 2.22	
	Carteret	1,002,465	70,812	\$	14.16	72	Northampton	66,996	20,738	\$ 3.23	
	Caswell	223,133	23,718	\$	9.41	39	Onslow	1,277,952	197,791	\$ 6.46	
	Catawba	675,138	155,200	\$	4.35	45	Orange	854,690	142,687	\$ 5.99	
	Chatham	150,345	69,530	\$	2.16	28	Pamlico	104,048	13,108	\$ 7.94	
	Cherokee	320,329	27,253	\$	11.75	59	Pasquotank	174,096	39,445	\$ 4.41	
	Chowan	160,009	14,919	\$	10.73	95	Pender	27,150	57,680	\$ 0.47	
	Clay	-	10,584	\$	-	80	Perquimans	39,779	14,176	\$ 2.81	
	Cleveland	332,702	97,274	\$	3.42	68	Person	139,592	39,459	\$ 3.54	
	Columbus	247,000	57,738	\$	4.28	74	Pitt	551,440	176,109	\$ 3.13	
	Craven	314,775	107,919	\$	2.92	34	Polk	138,415	20,761	\$ 6.67	
	Cumberland	745,699	332,568	\$	2.24	31	Randolph	1,036,779	142,400	\$ 7.28	
	Currituck	35,465	23,802	\$	1.49	4	Richmond	807,366	46,253	\$ 17.46	
	Dare	465,130	35,360	\$	13.15	48	Robeson	723,802	132,732	\$ 5.45	
	Davidson	445,789	164,557	\$	2.71	53	Rockingham	453,295	91,872	\$ 4.93	
	Davie	178,723	41,806	\$	4.28	19	Rowan	1,312,095	140,170	\$ 9.36	
	Duplin	277,673	60,462	\$	4.59	83	Rutherford	169,440	67,177	\$ 2.52	
	Durham	1,322,481	296,452	\$	4.46	29	Sampson	479,692	64,644	\$ 7.42	
	Edgecombe	1,036,516	55,744	\$	18.59	8	Scotland	555,400	35,720	\$ 15.55	
	orsyth	2,398,714	363,817	\$	6.59	16	Stanly	646,645	61,339	\$ 10.54	
	- Franklin	150,346	64,207	\$	2.34	41	Stokes	290,411	46,144	\$ 6.29	
	Gaston	1,053,671	212,868	\$	4.95	40	Surry	468,409	73,521	\$ 6.37	
	Gates	-	11,430	\$	-	1	Swain	433,771	14,829	\$ 29.25	
	Graham	27,227	9,112	\$	2.99	20	Transylvania	308,604	33,845	\$ 9.12	
	Granville	384,781	58,046	\$	6.63	47	Tyrrell	24,008	4,180	\$ 5.74	
	Greene	140,212	21,211	\$	6.61	79	Union	624,168	220,792	\$ 2.83	
	Guilford	3,103,164	517,284	\$	6.00	90	Vance	87,566	45,022	\$ 1.94	
	Halifax	272,793	53,102	\$	5.14	66	Wake	4,068,305	1,003,596	\$ 4.05	
	Harnett	576,571	126,886	\$	4.54	100	Warren	-,000,303	20,458	\$ 	
	Haywood	446,442	60,334	\$	7.40	77	Washington	37,730	12,792	\$ 2.95	
	Henderson	472,440	111,147	\$	4.25	42	Watauga	328,019	52,816	\$ 6.21	
	Hertford	47,046	24,445	\$	1.92	94	Wayne	133,408	125,800	\$ 1.06	
	Hoke	20,510	52,666	\$	0.39	73	Wilkes	222,242	69,709	\$ 3.19	
	Hyde	20,310	5,934	\$	-	54	Wilson	411,299	84,553	\$ 4.86	
	redell	869,753	169,431	\$	5.13	55	Yadkin	179,813	37,953	\$ 4.74	
	ackson	346,835	41,031	\$	8.45	61	Yancey	77,608	17,937	\$ 4.74	

Applicant's Self Scoring Review: LWCF for Local Grants Supply of Recreation Resources Per Capita by County

Table for Item I – Supply of Recreation Resources Per Capita by County

Country	2015 Population	ath	esidents/ letic field	residents/ residents/ athletic court picnic shelter				residents / playground	residents / trail mile		residents / local park acre		
County Alamance	2015 Population 154,511	Rank 32	1,776	Rank 41	2,664	Rank 14	3030	Rank 35	4682	Rank 49	3055	Rank 8	65
Alexander	37,268	50	2,070	99	18,634	97	0	35 34	4659	96	74536	84	490
	· · ·	99		99 2	••••••••	27	3705	34 48	5557	96 8	191		
Alleghany	11,114	İ	11,114 988	78	1,111 4,448		·		†		 	32	150
Anson	26,688	9 F2		·····		19	3336	28	4448	29	1061	26	115
Ashe	27,399	53	2,108	80	4,566	47	5480	31	4566	57	4183	63 - 7	269
Avery	17,833	10	991	39	2,548	58	5944	56	5944	7	188	57 50	241
Beaufort	47,780	40	1,911	71	3,982	71	7963	58	5973	44	2459	59	244
Bertie	20,734	29	1,728	85	5,184	80	10367	81	10367	97	0	92	768
Bladen	35,317	63	2,523	69 20	3,924	56	5886	27	4415	40	2185	69 -	304
Brunswick	122,340	37	1,854	29	2,308	13	2984	53	5826	35	1605	7	61
Buncombe	254,358	66	2,650	43	2,795	52	5652	59	6204	32	1306	15	89
Burke	89,300	17	1,191	28	2,290	9	2481	29	4465	23	564	22	107
Cabarrus	192,847	71	2,878	57	3,269	32	4018	61	6650	92	18543	53	224
Caldwell	82,502	13	1,130	11	1,587	10	2500	16	3300	27	777	17	92
Camden	10,166	64	2,541	84	5,083	98	0	80	10166	14	385	95	1452
Carteret	70,812	8	920	14	1,647	16	3079	18	3372	15	390	47	199
Caswell	23,718	97	7,906	93	7,906	95	23718	98	23718	98	0	96	1482
Catawba	155,200	69	2,723	34	2,463	26	3609	10	2771	58	4240	13	78
Chatham	69,530	49	2,045	65	3,659	78	9933	66	6953	34	1593	31	145
Cherokee	27,253	34	1,817	36	2,478	40	4542	93	13626	16	395	43	182
Chowan	14,919	15	1,148	1	622	68	7460	6	2487	25	746	68	298
Clay	10,584	19	1,323	88	5,292	85	10584	83	10584	2	123	50	216
Cleveland	97,274	61	2,432	53	3,040	61	6485	65	6948	42	2269	4	46
Columbus	57,738	11	1,050	12	1,604	2	1443	3	1991	46	2600	19	99
Craven	107,919	43	1,962	66	3,721	75	8993	51	5680	47	2765	51	220
Cumberland	332,568	56	2,160	59	3,464	87	10728	67	7076	87	12139	67	285
Currituck	23,802	35	1,831	70	3,967	5	2380	57	5950	48	2975	54	227
Dare	35,360	23	1,414	9	1,473	31	3929	2	1964	13	333	6	55
Davidson	164,557	89	4,571	68	3,918	53	5674	44	5485	77	8661	64	274
Davie	41,806	98	8,361	81	4,645	83	10451	96	20903	99	0	85	504
Duplin	60,462	59	2,325	46	2,879	60	6046	46	5497	84	10335	70	312
Durham	296,452	91	4,860	35	2,470	64	6588	42	5390	59	4387	61	251
Edgecombe	55,744	92	5,068	50	2,934	45	5068	86	11149	91	16395	58	242
Forsyth	363,817	77	3,567	19	1,828	39	4492	38	4984	71	6725	5	51
Franklin	64,207	79	3,777	98	16,052	86	10701	92	12841	85	10701	81	434
Gaston	212,868	22	1,382	22	1,851	29	3870	33	4628	63	5199	28	117
Gates	11,430	14	1,143	3	1,270	98	11430	87	11430	17	434	98	1633
Graham	9,112	57	2,278	18	1,822	15	3037	100	0	1	44	99	1822
Granville	58,046	38	1,872	87	5,277	38	4465	68	7256	78	8664	66	284
Greene	21,211	41	1,928	89	5,303	36	4242	41	5303	72	7070	90	643
Guilford	517,284	31	1,759	24	2,173	30	3889	15	3193	45	2595	2	41
Halifax	53,102	73	3,319	38	2,529	34	4085	55	5900	30	1193	80	402
Harnett	126,886	54	2,115	79	4,532	90	14098	88	11535	51	3134	18	95
Haywood	60,334	51	2,080	55	3,175	65	6704	69	7542	20	464	91	754

Table for Item I – Supply of Recreation Resources Per Capita by County

		ath	esidents/ letic field	athle	esidents/ etic court	picnic	sidents/ shelter		residents / playground		residents / trail mile		residents / al park acre
County	2015 Population	Rank		Rank	_	Rank	T	Rank		Rank		Rank	
Henderson	111,147	83	3,970	77	4,446	74	8550	79	10104	33	1380	56	240
Hertford	24,445	68	2,716	60	3,492	23	3492	13	3056	86	11640	21	106
Hoke 	52,666	94	5,852	97	13,167	93	17555	94	17555	54	3511	100	10533
Hyde	5,934	95	5,934	91	5,934	57	5934	11	2967	10	276	88	539
Iredell	169,431	20	1,366	76	4,344	42	4579	43	5466	50	3125	37	165
Jackson	41,031	60	2,414	49	2,931	28	3730	24	3730	12	312	1	33
Johnston	182,547	76	3,511	83	5,071	76	9127	72	7937	76	8022	83	469
Jones	10,439	75	3,480	95	10,439	82	10439	82	10439	100	0	97	1491
Lee	61,618	88	4,401	64	3,625	79	10270	70	7702	53	3201	40	172
Lenoir	59,110	18	1,285	20	1,847	72	8444	60	6568	94	26868	46	192
Lincoln	80,980	80	3,856	94	10,123	89	13497	75	8998	93	18833	48	209
Macon	34,095	4	631	17	1,794	37	4262	63	6819	4	147	44	184
Madison	21,320	96	7,107	33	2,369	67	7107	84	10660	6	169	93	790
Martin	23,607	26	1,574	15	1,686	70	7869	19	3372	82	9443	60	245
McDowell	45,258	39	1,886	82	5,029	92	15086	97	22629	21	546	79	397
Mecklenburg	1,030,572	78	3,734	47	2,903	48	5511	40	5285	80	8884	3	44
Mitchell	15,408	7	856	8	1,401	3	1541	8	2568	11	287	86	514
Montgomery	27,742	90	4,624	21	1,849	50	5548	47	5548	19	451	77	391
Moore	93,963	67	2,685	45	2,847	49	5527	36	4698	39	2046	25	114
Nash	94,197	33	1,777	4	1,273	20	3364	7	2546	95	31399	41	173
New Hanover	222,168	30	1,736	31	2,339	46	5419	54	5847	69	6258	30	133
Northampton	20,738	85	4,148	74	4,148	81	10369	64	6913	55	3988	94	988
Onslow	197,791	87	4,395	72	4,037	77	9419	85	10988	64	5257	87	526
Orange	142,687	65	2,548	26	2,229	62	6486	45	5488	41	2216	11	74
Pamlico	13,108	6	819	40	2,622	1	1092	9	2622	79	8738	12	77
Pasquotank	39,445	24	1,461	5	1,315	51	5635	25	3944	36	1826	27	117
Pender	57,680	100	19,227	100	19,227	94	19227	99	28840	89	12818	78	395
Perquimans	14,176	16	1,181	16	1,772	24	3544	5	2363	73	7088	89	545
Person	39,459	44	1,973	58	3,288	7	2466	22	3587	70	6577	35	158
Pitt	176,109	81	3,914	67	3,828	43	4760	52	5681	88	12579	24	113
Polk	20,761	74	3,460	75	4,152	21	3460	95	20761	67	5932	52	221
Randolph	142,400	82	3,956	62	3,560	69	7495	73	8376	81	9128	10	73
Richmond	46,253	48	2,011	30	2,313	6	2434	32	4625	38	1989	82	453
Robeson	132,732	12	1,062	52	3,017	41	4577	26	4148	83	9905	45	186
Rockingham	91,872	42	1,955	23	2,042	12	2871	14	3062	56	4106	9	70
Rowan	140,170	70	2,803	56	3,260	17	3115	39	5191	62	4672	23	109
Rutherford	67,177	45	1,976	27	2,239	35	4199	49	5598	68	6109	29	120
Sampson	64,644	1	440	63	3,591	33	4040	37	4973	90	16161	72	330
Scotland	35,720	2	533	13	1,624	18	3247	21	3572	65	5757	55	230
Stanly	61,339	5	713	10	1,573	4	1917	1	1460	31	1256	16	92
Stokes	46,144	58	2,307	96	11,536	54	5768	- 89	11536	28	941	62	254
Surry	73,521	25	1,532	42	2,723	44	4901	90	12253	37	1868	38	171
Swain	14,829	36	1,854	6	1,348		2471	23	3707	9	216	36	161
Transylvania	33,845	46	1,991	90	5,641	73	8461	62	6769	3	128	71	316
Tyrrell	4,180	52	2,090	7	1,393	99	0	4	2090	22	555	74	348
Union	220,792	86	4,166	, 86	5,257	84	10514	- 77	9200	66	5857	20	102
Vance	45,022	27	1,667	44	2,814	91	15007	76	9004	74	7504	49	210

LWCF 2025 Application

Table for Item I – Supply of Recreation Resources Per Capita by County

County	2015 Population		esidents/ letic field		esidents/ etic court		sidents/ shelter		residents / playground	Rank	residents / trail mile		residents / al park acre
Wake	1,003,596	62	2.490	37	2.509		5801	50	5638	43	2409	14	79
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Warren	20,458	84	4,092	73	4,092	66	6819	20	3410	75	7577	39	172
Washington	12,792	55	2,132	92	6,396	100	0	91	12792	24	668	76	388
Watauga	52,816	3	574	25	2,201	11	2780	17	3301	18	443	75	354
Wayne	125,800	93	5,718	61	3,544	59	5990	74	8986	61	4522	73	337
Wilkes	69,709	21	1,367	48	2,905	22	3485	71	7745	26	758	42	175
Wilson	84,553	28	1,726	32	2,349	63	6504	12	3020	60	4448	33	150
Yadkin	37,953	72	3,163	54	3,163	88	12651	78	9488	52	3182	34	151