ADA Checklist

Recreational Boating Facilities



Institute for Human Centered Design www.HumanCenteredDesign.org 2014



ADA National Network Questions on the ADA 800-949-4232 voice/tty www.ADAchecklist.org

This checklist was produced by the New England ADA Center, a project of the Institute for Human Centered Design and a member of the ADA National Network. This checklist was developed under a grant from the Department of Education, NIDRR grant number H133A060092-09A.

This is an edited version of the checklist. For the full set of checklists, including the checklists for recreation facilities visit www.ADAchecklist.org.

Local Government Name:

Project Name:

B1	Is there an accessible route to the entrance of the boating facility? Use the checklist for <i>Priority 1: Approach &</i> <i>Entrance.</i>	Yes No	36"min		
B2	 <u>BOAT SLIPS</u> Where boat slips are provided are there an adequate number of accessible slips? Note: If slips are not demarcated by length, count each 40 feet of slip edge along the pier perimeter as one slip. A boat slip is the portion of a pier, main pier, finger pier or float where a boat is berthed or moored or used for embarking or disembarking that is not part of a boat launch ramp. A boat launch ramp is a sloped surface designed for launching and retrieving trailered boats and other watercraft to and from a body of water. 	Yes No	Total Slips 1 - 25 26 - 50 51 - 100 101 - 150 151 - 300	Accessible Slips 1 2 3 4 5	
B3	Are the accessible boat slips dispersed among the different types of boat slips? Note: Accessible boat slips must be dispersed throughout the various types of slips, but a facility does not have to provide more accessible boat slips than required in the table. Accessible slips may be grouped on one pier if the requirement for different types of slips is met. Types could include shallow-water or deep water; transient or longer- term lease; covered or uncovered; and whether slips are equipped with features such as telephone, water, electricity, or cable connections.	Yes No			

B4 Is there an accessible route to the accessible boat slips?

Use the checklist for *Priority 1: Approach and Entrance*

To deal with varying water levels, exceptions apply when gangways are part of the accessible route. A gangway is a variable-sloped pedestrian walkway that links a fixed structure or land with a floating structure.

Exceptions:

1. Gangway rises may be greater than 30 inches. Therefore gangways may be any length and no intermediate landings are required.

2. Gangway slopes may be greater than 1:12 if the total length of a gangway or series of gangways serving as part of the accessible route is at least 80 feet.

3. Gangway slopes may be greater than 1:12 if the facility contains fewer than 25 boat slips and the total length of the gangway or series of gangway serving as part of the accessible route is at least 30 feet.

4. Level landings are not required where gangways connect to transition plates. A transition plate is a sloped pedestrian surface at the end of a gangway.

5. Where gangways and transition plates connect, handrail extensions are not required.

6. If there are handrail extensions on gangways or transition plates, the extensions are not required to be parallel with the ground surface.

7. Changes in level ¼ to ½ inch high, beveled with a slope no steeper than 1:20 are permitted on gangway surfaces.

Note:

When gangways, transition plates and floating piers and platforms are part of an accessible route, the cross slope requirement of 1:48 maximum is measured when they are in the static position, i.e. absence of movement that results from waves and wind.











